

Industrial Cleaning Machine

Used Industrial Cleaning Machine El Cajon - Modern commercial floor scrubbers save time and are a cost efficient method of cleaning and maintaining large floor surfaces. Surveys reveal that labor expenses account for approximately 90% of the overall expense to maintain large floors surfaces. It is possible to save time, money and labor when you switch to commercial floor scrubbers. There are a variety of automated commercial floor scrubbing models available on the market. More recently, advancements in technology have brought about robotic versions of commercial floor scrubbers. These machines offer an automated system for evenly dispersing the cleaning compound at regular intervals. Behind the suction nozzle on the vacuum, a squeegee attachment can be located on automatic floor scrubbers to add to their cleaning capacity. These machines feature separate recovery or collection tanks. There are two tanks on the machine; the cleaning mixture is situated in the dispersing tank and the collection tank is where the materials collected by the vacuum accumulate. This design keeps dirty and clean water away from each other to create a more hygienic option compared to traditional mop and bucket methods. First, the automatic scrubber dispenses the cleaning solution and the scrubbing system is activated to loosen stains and dirt which are next suctioned into the collection tank of the machine when it passes over a location.

Automatic Floor Scrubber Head Types

Automatic floor scrubbers are available in three common types of floor scrubber heads: 1. Rotary, sometimes referred to as disk; 2. Cylindrical; and 3. Square oscillating.

Rotary or Disk Floor Scrubber Head

The rotary or disk model of floor scrubber head is the most common type. They use a circular motion with one or two round pads or brushes to push a cleaning compound into the floor.

Cylindrical Floor Scrubber Head

Rotating at a 90-degree angle to the floor, the cylindrical floor scrubber model features counter-rotating tube designed brushes to facilitate cleaning. These allow for better cleaning of uneven or irregular surfaces. Machines utilizing a cylindrical scrubber head commonly have a collection tray located behind the scrubber head that allow for collection of larger objects such as nails and stones, eliminating the need to pick up smaller objects before cleaning. The multiple brush types available make cleaning various types of flooring possible. A softer brush can be used to clean rubber, textured tile and synthetic floors while a stiffer brush can be used for rough surfaces such as concrete and grouted tile.

Square Oscillating Floor Scrubber Head

Square oscillating floor scrubbers have a flat pad which vibrates at high speed to scrub the floor. The square design makes it easier to clean close to walls and in corners. These machines can remove the floor finish when the square scrubbing heads are used in conjunction with special stripping pads. This combination additionally is helpful for cleaning vinyl tile flooring. Because the square pad oscillates at very high speed, they apply more agitation to the floor resulting in more cleaning power. These square pads are useful for cleaning grouted tile.

Floor Scrubber Categories

Walk-Behind Floor Scrubbers

The walk-behind floor scrubber units have a forward assist feature that softly propels the machine forward when the operator enables this item. The forward assist helps curb fatigue of the operator which allows the operator to continue for a longer period of time, reducing fatigue and greatly increasing efficiency when compared to traditional manual methods.

Stand-On Floor Scrubbers

The stand-on floor scrubber models provide better efficiency for larger spaces compared to walk-behind models and these units are more cost-efficient compared to a rider floor scrubber. Stand-on floor scrubbers have greater maneuverability are usually more compact than a rider machine, enabling it to fit into locations that a rider unit would have a difficult time accessing. Stand-on units provide the operator with a better view compared to rider models and walk-behind machines.

Rider Floor Scrubbers

Rider floor scrubber models enable the operator to sit down while operating the equipment. These machines clean in a similar manner and reduce operator fatigue due to their comfortable seating. This design facilitates up to sixty-five percent more efficiency in comparison to the walk-behind models and allows large areas of the floor to be covered more efficiently.

Robotic Floor Scrubbers

Technological design advancements within the field of autonomous robotics have helped to create

a new army of floor-scrubbing machines. These units were born by joining self-control robotic features with automatic floor scrubbing options. Commercial models are suitable for education, retail, healthcare and manufacturing facilities. Some commercial robotic floor scrubbing machines are able to clean up to a 10,000-square-foot area in one hour. As exciting new developments in robotic continue to develop, it is expected that the capability of robotic floor scrubbers will increase over time. Increased development projections include advanced sensors and computing mechanisms. The latest advancements in mobile robotic sensors enable these floor scrubbing units to detect a wider range around walls and objects. This will enable the unit to be precise when determining its particular location in large locations including airports, convention centers and shopping malls. A random cleaning pattern was first established with the initial floor scrubbing models. Nowadays, commercial robotic floor scrubbers can execute an accurate map for cleaning. Newer floor scrubbing models operate in a predictable pattern to cover the floor as efficiently as possible. Very few locations (if any) on the floor are missed due to this advanced technology that communicates exactly where the machine has already cleaned and which areas are still outstanding. Special sensors help the robotic floor scrubbers navigate around obstacles and people when they encounter any while operating autonomously.

Additional Floor Scrubber Options and Considerations

Hard to Reach Areas Many floor scrubbers are unable to reach edges, corners or under or around fixtures such as water fountains. This normally translates to certain locations requiring to be cleaned in traditional methods. Some floor scrubbing manufacturers have created oscillating brushes that enable the machine to access tricky locations.

Pre-Sweeping and Vacuum System Maintenance Pre-sweeping features and vacuum systems enable newer models to complete a dry cleaning before the wet scrub option. This allows the machine to remove debris prior to scrubbing without having to employ a traditional dry mop or broom. Loose items and dust are collected by the pre-sweep brush head and placed into the collection chamber located in front of the vacuum system. This design helps to avoid any blockages occurring in the motor or vacuum hose. It used to be commonplace to have the entire area first cleaned with a dry mop or broom to collect any debris or dust that might damage the unit or become lodged in the vacuum hose. Similar to residential vacuum systems, if a blockage happens, the vacuum hose may need to be removed to clear the area. Occasionally, the vacuum motor may need to be blown out with compressed air to clear away any debris.

Environmental Options Certain floor scrubbing models have environmentally friendly options. There are more environmental features incorporated into certain designs including safer soaps and water-saving systems to reduce the greywater and the chemicals. Some floor scrubbers are even able to clean without water and chemicals at all.

Solution Dispensing System Maintenance and Considerations Stripping solutions are not compatible with most floor scrubbers as they can cause damage to the solution dispensing system. Stripping solutions can be safely vacuumed up by the machine without causing damage. The solution system should be periodically flushed with a water and vinegar mixture to clean the system of any soap and calcium deposits that can accumulate in the solution system.